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Gamma-ray spectroscopy of the  $^{238}$ U shape isomer. <sup>1</sup> K. HAUSCHILD, R. W. BAUER, J. A. BECKER, L. A. BERNSTEIN, H. C. BRITT, W. YOUNES, LLNL, N. FOTIADES,  $Rutgers\ U.$  — The  $\gamma$ -rays de-exciting the fission isomers  $^{236}$ U and  $^{238}$ U are very different despite similar excitation energies, lifetimes and low-lying yrast structures. The predominant  $\gamma$ -ray decay branch for  $^{236}$ U<sup>m</sup> is a 1.783–MeV E1 transition  $^2$ , while  $^{238}$ U $^{m}$  is depopulated by a 2.513 MeV-E2  $\gamma$ -ray  $^3$ . Approximately 65% of the  $\gamma$ -branch de-exciting  $^{238}$ U $^{m}$  remains to be identified. To determine the multipolarity of the remaining  $\gamma$ -branch out of  $^{238}$ U $^{m}$ , we used the Gammasphere array at LBNL and the  $^{238}$ U(d,pn) reaction at  $E_d = 20$  MeV. A search for excited states in the  $^{2nd}$  well has also been conducted. Preliminary results will be presented, and the  $\gamma$ -decay of the shape isomers discussed in context with the recent  $A \sim 190$  SD decay-out results  $^4$ .

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- <sup>2</sup>J. Schirmer, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **63**, 2196 (1989); and Refs. therein.
- <sup>3</sup>J. Kantele, et al., Phys. Rev. C **29**, 1693 (1984); and Refs. therein. <sup>4</sup>T. L. Khoo, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **76**, 1583 (1996); A. Lopez-Martens, et al., Phys. Lett. **B380**, 18 (1996); K. Hauschild, et al., submitted to Phys. Rev. C (1996).

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